# FORM B – BUILDING

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES BUILDING 220 Morrissey Boulevard Boston, Massachusetts 02125

## **Photograph**



#### Locus Map



**Recorded by:** Jennifer Burden, Gray & Pape, Inc. **Organization:** Chelmsford Historical Commission **Date** (*month / year*): June 2016

Assessor's Number	USGS Quad	Area(s)	Form Number
36/121/25	Westford		CLM.410

#### Town/City: Chelmsford

Place: (neighborhood or village): West Chelmsford

Address:	52 School Street		
Historic Name:	George C. Parker House		
Uses: Present:	single-family dwelling		
Original:	single-family dwelling		
Date of Construction: pre-1856			
Source: 1856 map of Chelmsford			
Style/Form:	Greek Revival		
Architect/Builder: unknown			
<b>Exterior Material:</b> Foundation: stone			
Wall/Trim:	vinyl siding/vinyl		
Roof:	asphalt shingle		
Outbuildings/Secondary Structures:			

**Outbuildings/Secondary Structures:** Detached garage

Major Alterations (*with dates*): Unknown date: dormer addition Ca. 2000 replacement siding and windows Ca. 2000 porch enclosure

Condition: Fair

Moved: no 🛛 yes 🗌 Date:

Acreage: .94 A

**Setting:** The house is located approximately 100' northeast of School St., but does not directly face the street. A U-shaped, asphalt drive leads to the house and detached garage. The lot is flat and grassy with mature trees along the perimeter. The surrounding area includes 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> c. residential development.

## **INVENTORY FORM B CONTINUATION SHEET**

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION

220 MORRISSEY BOULEVARD, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02125

CHELMSFORD

**52 SCHOOL STREET** 

Area(s) Form No.

CLM.410

Recommended for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. If checked, you must attach a completed National Register Criteria Statement form.

Use as much space as necessary to complete the following entries, allowing text to flow onto additional continuation sheets.

#### **ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION:**

Describe architectural features. Evaluate the characteristics of this building in terms of other buildings within the community.

This building is located on the east side of School Street between Graniteville and Crooked Spring roads. It is a ca. 1850, upright and wing plan house. Built of wood frame construction it stands one and-a-half stories in height. The roof is covered with asphalt shingles and the exterior walls are covered with vinyl siding with vinyl trim. The original section of the building rests atop a stone foundation while at least part of the wing rests atop a concrete foundation. The primary (northwest) façade does not directly face School Street, which is unlike other houses on the street. The front-gabled, upright section of the house is divided into two bays on the first story and one in the half story above. A front door is located in the south bay. The front entrance is located in a front-gabled enclosure that protrudes from the façade; this enclosure appears to be a later alteration. The upright section features gable returns and an enclosed pediment over the front entrance. A roof dormer on the side of the upright section also features gable returns. Fenestration consists of six-over-six double-hung replacement windows. The wing, located to the south of the upright section of the house, stands one story in height and is divided three bays with a door located in the center bay. Modern bay windows are located on either side of the door. The wing appears to be recently expanded and/or remodeled.

A detached two-car garage is located to the south of the house. The garage appears to have a concrete foundation, walls clad in vinyl siding and an asphalt-shingled front gable roof with a center cupola.

The building is an altered example of a mid-nineteenth century residence that retains historic integrity of location, setting, feeling, and association.

#### HISTORICAL NARRATIVE

Discuss the history of the building. Explain its associations with local (or state) history. Include uses of the building, and the role(s) the owners/occupants played within the community.

The house appears on the 1856 map of Chelmsford as owned by S. Napton. Little else is known about Samuel Napton, who lived in Chelmsford in 1855 according to the Massachusetts Vital Records, but died intestate in late 1855 or early 1856. Napton left a widow, Mary, as his only heir. She requested an administrator for his estate, so William Hamblett was appointed as such and the estate was probated in May 1856.

By 1875 G.C. Parker owned the property. The 1870 US Population Census lists George C. Parker (1829-1893, born in England) living in Chelmsford with wife Cornelia (1826-1888, born in Massachusetts), son Charles (born ca. 1857), and daughter Gertrude (born ca. 1860). At this date George was a dyer and Charles, at the age of 13, was employed in the woolen mill. In 1880 the family remained in Chelmsford, but at this date Charles was a grocer and Gertrude was working in the woolen mill. In 1905 William John Peel gained ownership of the property. The 1910 census lists Peel (born ca. 1870) on School Street with wife Anne (born ca. 1870), mother-in-law Mary Q. Vivian, and adopted son Arthur Peel; all of the family members were born in English Canada. In 1910 William was a highway laborer and Arthur was working in the woolen mill. In 1921 Peel sold the property to Lily and Clifford Herdman. The 1925 city directory lists the couple on School Street with Clifford employed as a metal worker. In 1929 they sold the property to Helena and Noble Charlton. The 1937 directory lists Noble living on School Street, but no occupation was given. In 1941 they sold the property to Henry and Eleanor Gray. The 1942 directory lists the couple at this address with Henry employed as a machinist. They retained the house until 1973; the property was sold four additional times after this date.

# **INVENTORY FORM B CONTINUATION SHEET**

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, Massachusetts 02125 CHELMSFORD

**52 SCHOOL STREET** 

Area(s) Form No.

CLM.410

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES**

Beers, F.W. County Atlas of Middlesex, Massachusetts. J.B. Beers & Co., New York. 1875.

Genealogical research, including U.S. and Massachusetts census records; birth, marriage, and death records; and city directory records from ancestry.com.

Geo. H. Walker & Co. Atlas of Middlesex County, Massachusetts. Geo. H. Walker & Co., Boston, MA. 1889.

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Garage, facing northeast. November 2015.

## **INVENTORY FORM B CONTINUATION SHEET**

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, Massachusetts 02125 **52 SCHOOL STREET** 

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# National Register of Historic Places Criteria Statement Form

Check all that apply:		
Individually eligible	Eligible <b>only</b> in a historic district	
Contributing to a potential historic district		
Criteria: 🛛 A 🗌 I	$\mathbf{B} \otimes \mathbf{C} \square \mathbf{D}$	
Criteria Considerations: [	<b>A B C D E F G</b>	

Statement of Significance

The area of West Chelmsford is eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places as a locally significant historic district under Criterion A for the development of this area around the Roby Manufacturing Company and Chelmsford Woolen Mills as well as under Criterion C for its intact examples of mid-nineteenth through early twentieth century residential architecture. The boundary of the proposed district would include resources built during the period of significance along Main Street from approximately Loiselle Lane in the north to the Westford Town Line, as well as resources along School Street between Main Street and Graniteville Road. This building at 52 School Street would be a contributing resource to that district as an example of residential architecture constructed during its period of significance that retains some historic integrity.